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Name:		NEPTUN-code:	Number of periods/week:
Kinematics and Dynamics of Industrial Robots		INBAIKISMINE	full-time: $2 \text{ lec} + 0 \text{ sem} + 2 \text{ lab}$
Credit: 4		Prerequisite:	
Requirement: exam		NIXMI1EMNE High Availability Embedded Systems	
Responsible:	Position:	Faculty and Institute name:	
József TAR, Ph.D.	professor,	John von Neumann Faculty of Informatics	
	habil.	Institute of Applied	Mathematics
Way of assessment: – either oral exam or solving a numerical task			
Competences			
Course description:			
The goal is to provide the Students with the mathematical foundations that are needed for the efficient description of open kinematic chains and tackling forward and inverse kinematic problems.			
Kinematics: The Special Euclidean group: translations and rotations, the fundamental operations that can be done with rigid bodies. Definition of the open kinematic chain. Denavit – Hartenberg conventions, rotation around a given axis, roration around rotating axles. Definition of the invesse kinematic task. Special structures having closed-form analytical solution. Differential inverse kinematics: singularities and redundancies; Moore-Penrose Pseudo-inverse, SVD, SVD-based pseudo-inverse, Gram-Schmidt Algorithm; Application of Fixed Point transformations in solving inverse kinematic tasks;			
Dynamics: Expression of the kinetic energy by the use of the homogeneous matrices. Variational Principle, Euler-Lagrange equations of motion; Generalized forces and their measuring possibilities, physical possibilities for motion control; the robot-environment dynamic interaction, contact forces, friction models (static and dynamic ones) and their effects.			
Literature			
Richard M. Murray, Zexiang Li, S. Shankar Sastry: A Mathematical Introduction to Robotic			

Manipulation, CRC Press, 1994 (electronic notes) Herman Bruyninckx: Robot Kinematics and Dynamics, 2010 (electronic notes)